

Federal Funding PrioritiesFY 2024

House Leaders



Rep. Robert Aderholt (R-AL)



Rep. Rosa DeLauro (D-CT)

Senate Leaders



Sen. Tammy Baldwin (D-WI)



Sen. Shelley Moore Capito (R-WV)

Background

March of Dimes supports the work of the National Institutes of Health (NIH), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and the Health Resources Services Administration (HRSA). This includes federal maternal and infant health research, surveillance for viruses, vaccines, maternal mental health, and newborn screening.



The maternal mortality rate in the United States remains dangerously high. In 2020, the rate was 24 deaths per 100,000 births, which is more than three-times the rate compared most high-income countries.



Nearly every one of the approximately 4 million infants born in the United states every year is screened for certain genetic, metabolic, hormonal and/or functional conditions, saving over 12,000 babies lives saved or improved annually.



One in five women are affected by anxiety, depression, and other maternal mental health (MMH) conditions during pregnancy or the year following pregnancy.



Mental health illnesses are the most common complications of pregnancy and childbirth, impacting 800,000 women in the United States each year.



The U.S. spends nearly \$27 billion annually to treat four vaccine preventable illnesses, – flu, pertussis pneumococcal, and shingles.



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March of Dimes requests support for the following maternal health programs:

- \$128 million increase for the National Institute of Health, Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (NICHD) (\$1.877 billion): Sustain vital NICHD research on preterm birth, maternal mortality, maternal substance use, and therapies for pregnant and lactating women.
- \$56 million increase (\$164 million) for the CDC's Safe Motherhood Initiative (same as request for FY 23): Support and expand Maternal Mortality Review Committees and Perinatal Quality Collaboratives nationwide.
- \$448 million increase for CDC's Section 317 Immunization Program (\$1.13 billion): Provide
 grants to states to support immunization efforts for underserved populations, including for lowincome adults and children who have no other means to pay for vaccinations.
- \$7 million increase to support the CDC's Newborn Screening Quality Assurance (\$29 million) and a \$9 million increase (\$29.883 million) for HRSA's Heritable Disorders Programs (same as requested for FY 23): Provide ongoing critical contributions to state newborn screening programs, promote parent and provider education, and the work of the Advisory Committee on Heritable Disorders in Newborns and Children.
- \$14 million increase for HRSA's Screening and Treatment for Maternal Depression &
 Related Behavior Disorders Treatment Program (\$24 million): Expand grants to support state
 programs that provide real-time psychiatric consultation, care coordination, and training for frontline providers to better screen, assess, refer and treat pregnant and postpartum women for
 depression and other behavioral health conditions.
- \$3 million increase for HHS's Maternal Mental Health Hotline (\$10 million): Enhance the
 hotline to provide text services, culturally-appropriate support, and continue public awareness
 around maternal mental health conditions.



