## Key Points

| Pregnant people are more likely to develop serious illness with flu and COVID-19.¹ | The CDC’s Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices recommend the flu, Tdap, and COVID-19 vaccines for pregnant people.¹ | Tdap protects against whooping cough, which affects half of all babies one year or younger and can be life-threatening.² |

## Background

Maternal immunizations protect moms and babies from deadly infectious diseases. Since newborns are too young to receive vaccinations, maternal immunizations provide critical protection for them.²

## Maternal and Infant Outcomes

- Fever, a common symptom for any infectious disease, may result in neural tube defects, birth defects of brains or spine, or other adverse outcomes in developing babies.¹
- Nearly 7 in 10 deaths from whooping cough are babies who are too young to receive a Tdap vaccine.²
- Babies born to moms who receive Tdap vaccines while pregnant were 77.7% less likely to develop whooping cough.²
- Data shows that vaccination during pregnancy can assist in protecting babies younger than 6 months from hospitalization due to flu and COVID-19.¹

## Policy Recommendations

Pregnant and lactating people need more safety and efficacy data on vaccines, more access to and receipt of vaccines, and improved implementation of vaccine programs.²

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¹https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pregnancy/pregnant-women/need-to-know.html